NAG Fortran Library Routine Document F01ZAF

Note: before using this routine, please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of bold italicised terms and other implementation-dependent details.

1 Purpose

F01ZAF copies a real triangular matrix stored in a packed one-dimensional array into an unpacked twodimensional array, or vice versa.

2 **Specification**

```
SUBROUTINE FO1ZAF(JOB, UPLO, DIAG, N, A, LDA, B, IFAIL)
INTEGER
                  N, LDA, IFAIL
real
                  A(LDA,N), B((N*(N+1))/2)
```

CHARACTER*1 JOB, UPLO, DIAG

3 **Description**

F01ZAF unpacks a triangular matrix stored in a vector into a two-dimensional array, or packs a triangular matrix stored in a two-dimensional array into a vector. The matrix is packed by column. This routine is intended for possible use in conjunction with routines from Chapters F06, F07 and F08 where some routines that use triangular matrices store them in the packed form described below.

4 References

None.

5 **Parameters**

JOB - CHARACTER*1 1:

Input

On entry: specifies whether the triangular matrix is to be packed or unpacked, as follows:

```
if JOB = 'P' (Pack), the matrix is to be packed into array B;
```

if JOB = 'U' (Unpack), the matrix is to be unpacked into array A.

Constraint: JOB must be one of 'P' or 'U'.

UPLO - CHARACTER*1 2:

Input

On entry: specifies the type of the matrix to be copied, as follows:

```
if UPLO = 'L' (Lower), the matrix is lower triangular. In this case the packed vector holds,
   will hold on exit, the matrix
                                              elements
                                                          in
                                                                     following
(1,1),(2,1),\ldots,(N,1),(2,2),(3,2),\ldots,(N,2), etc.;
```

if UPLO = 'U' (Upper), the matrix is upper triangular. In this case the packed vector holds, or will hold on exit, the matrix elements in the following order: (1,1), (1,2), (2,2), (1,3), (2,3), (3,3), (1,4), etc.

Constraint: UPLO must be one of 'L' or 'U'.

DIAG - CHARACTER*1 3:

Input

On entry: DIAG must specify whether the diagonal elements of the matrix are to be copied, as follows:

[NP3546/20A] F01ZAF.1 if DIAG = 'B' (Blank), the diagonal elements of the matrix are not referenced and not copied;

if DIAG = 'U' (Unit diagonal), the diagonal elements of the matrix are not referenced, but are assumed all to be unity, and are copied as such;

if DIAG = 'N' (Non-unit diagonal), the diagonal elements of the matrix are referenced and copied.

Constraint: DIAG must be one of 'B', 'U' or 'N'.

4: N – INTEGER Input

On entry: the number of rows and columns of the triangular matrix.

Constraint: N > 0.

5: A(LDA,N) - real array

Input/Output

On entry: if JOB = 'P', then the leading N by N part of A must contain the matrix to be copied, stored in unpacked form, in the upper or lower triangle depending on parameter UPLO. The opposite triangle of A is not referenced and need not be assigned.

On exit: if JOB = 'U', then the leading N by N part of array A contains the copied matrix, stored in unpacked form, in the upper or lower triangle depending on parameter UPLO. The opposite triangle of A is not referenced.

6: LDA – INTEGER Inpu

On entry: the first dimension of the array A as declared in the (sub)program from which F01ZAF is called.

Constraint: LDA > N.

7: B((N*(N+1))/2) - real array

Input/Output

On entry: if JOB = 'U', then B must contain the triangular matrix packed by column.

On exit: if JOB = 'P', then B contains the triangular matrix packed by column.

Note that B must have space for the diagonal elements of the matrix, even if these are not stored.

8: IFAIL – INTEGER

Input/Output

On entry: IFAIL must be set to 0, -1 or 1. Users who are unfamiliar with this parameter should refer to Chapter P01 for details.

On exit: IFAIL = 0 unless the routine detects an error (see Section 6).

For environments where it might be inappropriate to halt program execution when an error is detected, the value -1 or 1 is recommended. If the output of error messages is undesirable, then the value 1 is recommended. Otherwise, for users not familiar with this parameter the recommended value is 0. When the value -1 or 1 is used it is essential to test the value of IFAIL on exit.

6 Error Indicators and Warnings

If on entry IFAIL = 0 or -1, explanatory error messages are output on the current error message unit (as defined by X04AAF).

Errors or warnings detected by the routine:

IFAIL = 1

On entry, $JOB \neq P'$ or 'U'.

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```
IFAIL = 2  \text{On entry, UPLO} \neq \text{'L' or 'U'}.  IFAIL = 3  \text{On entry, DIAG} \neq \text{'N', 'U' or 'B'}.  IFAIL = 4  \text{On entry, N} < 1.  IFAIL = 5  \text{On entry, LDA} < \text{N}.
```

7 Accuracy

Not applicable.

8 Further Comments

None.

9 Example

This example program reads in a triangular matrix A, and copies it to the packed matrix B.

9.1 Program Text

Note: the listing of the example program presented below uses **bold italicised** terms to denote precision-dependent details. Please read the Users' Note for your implementation to check the interpretation of these terms. As explained in the Essential Introduction to this manual, the results produced may not be identical for all implementations.

```
FO1ZAF Example Program Text
  Mark 14 Release. NAG Copyright 1989.
   .. Parameters ..
                     NIN, NOUT
   TNTEGER
   PARAMETER
                     (NIN=5, NOUT=6)
                     NMAX, LDA, LENB
  INTEGER
  PARAMETER
                    (NMAX=10,LDA=NMAX,LENB=(NMAX*(NMAX+1))/2)
   .. Local Scalars ..
                    I, IFAIL, J, LB, N
   INTEGER
   CHARACTER
                    DIAG, UPLO
   .. Local Arrays ..
   real
                    A(LDA, NMAX), B(LENB)
  CHARACTER
                    CLABS(1), RLABS(1)
   .. External Subroutines .. EXTERNAL FOIZAF, XO4CBF
  EXTERNAL
   .. Executable Statements ..
   WRITE (NOUT,*) 'F01ZAF Example Program Results'
   Skip heading in data file
   READ (NIN, *)
  WRITE (NOUT, *)
   READ (NIN,*) N, UPLO, DIAG
   Read a triangular matrix of order N
   DO 20 I = 1, N
      READ (NIN, *) (A(I,J), J=1,N)
20 CONTINUE
   IFAIL = 0
   Print the unpacked matrix
  CALL X04CBF(UPLO,DIAG,N,N,A,LDA,'F5.2','Unpacked Matrix A:','I',
               RLABS, 'I', CLABS, 80, 0, IFAIL)
  WRITE (NOUT, *)
   Convert to packed vector form
   CALL F01ZAF('Pack', UPLO, DIAG, N, A, LDA, B, IFAIL)
```

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```
LB = N*(N+1)/2
Print the packed vector

CALL X04CBF('G','X',LB,1,B,LB,'F5.2','Packed Vector B:','I',RLABS,

'N',CLABS,80,0,IFAIL)
STOP
END
```

9.2 Program Data

```
F01ZAF Example Program Data. 4 'U' 'N' 1.1 1.2 1.3 1.4
                                                           N UPLO DIAG
                                                           Unpacked Matrix A
 0.0 2.2 2.3 2.4
0.0 0.0 3.3 3.4
0.0 0.0 0.0 4.4
```

9.3 Program Results

```
F01ZAF Example Program Results
```

```
Unpacked Matrix A:
   1 2 3 4
1.10 1.20 1.30 1.40
2
      2.20 2.30 2.40
3
             3.30 3.40
4
                   4.40
```

Packed Vector B:

```
1 1.10
```

2 1.20 3 2.20 4 1.30

5 2.30

6 3.30

1.40

8 2.40 9 3.40

10 4.40

F01ZAF.4 (last) [NP3546/20A]